[illegible]ILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, N. C., JANUARY 22, 1863. NO. 64.

[illegible]

FIRST EDITION.

[illegible], JAN. 21, 1863.

[illegible]

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 21.

Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock. Journal read.

Mr. [illegible] introduced [illegible] of a [illegible] authorizing the Governor to [illegible] with the Governor of Georgia, and to draw on the Treasury for [illegible] [illegible] of Mr. [illegible] the [illegible] to the House [illegible].

Mr. Adams [illegible] a bill in favor of C. F. Bose, sheriff of Guilford.

Mr. White moved to amend by inserting the name of [illegible], sheriff of [illegible] County. Adopted.

Mr. [illegible] moved to amend by [illegible] to the [illegible]. Rejected.

The bill then under a suspension of the rules passed its second reading.

The bill for the relief of persons in custody, not in military service, [illegible] motion of Mr. Warren, postponed indefinitely.

The bill to organize the State reserves of 5000 men with the [illegible] to raise 10,000 Volunteers for State defence, was read the second time.

Mr. [illegible] moved to amend to except from its provisions [illegible], pending.

Mr. [illegible] moved [illegible] the further consideration of this bill [illegible] engrossed bill from the House [illegible], was lying on the [illegible].

[illegible] the bill, [illegible] on the table, and the House bill [illegible] the ten regiments bill) was taken up for consideration on its second reading.

Mr. Brown moved to postpone until to-morrow 12 o'clock. [illegible].

A resolution [illegible] the Adjutant General to pay the Clerk of Harnett, money expended by the County for the subsistence of Capt. Murchison's cavalry company [illegible].

Mr. Sharpe [illegible] this claim should go to the Auditor's Office, and moved to lay it on the table.

Mr. Wright [illegible] the delay which this course would require, [illegible] that the county of Harnett was in need of the money. It was a just debt and should be paid promptly, as the company had been of great service in arresting and [illegible] traitors.

Mr. Graham concurred with Mr. Sharpe in his views, and thought it improper for the Legislature to interfere with the legitimate business of the Auditor's office. Motion to lay on the table prevailed.

A message was received from the House concurring in the amendments of the Senate to the bill to provide for the [illegible] of soldiers dying in the service.

The engrossed bill in regard to the service of process on the Southern Express Company, was on motion of Mr. Graham, referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A message was received from the House, transmitting the following engrossed bills and resolutions, which passed their first reading.

A resolution assigning the office of State Geologist to the Engrossing Clerks. Adopted.

A resolution in favor of M. Walker.

A resolution in favor of Gideon B. Threadgill.

A bill to legalize certain acts of the County Court of Lincoln County.

A bill to authorize the Governor to employ a messenger for the Executive department.

A bill to authorize the Treasurer to employ a clerk to sign bonds.

A bill to authorize Corporations to lay an ad valorem tax on slaves.

A resolution in favor of Charles Bird.

The bill to appoint a Treasurer for the Literary Board was read the second time, and, on motion of Mr. Matthews, laid on the table.

A bill granting certain powers to salt commissioners passed its several readings.

Mr. Graham presented a bill amendatory to the [illegible] passed at the last session, entitled "an act to [illegible] the jurisdiction of the Courts and the rules of [illegible]." Ordered to be printed and referred to the [illegible] on the Judiciary.

[illegible] resolutions in regard to clothing prisoners at [illegible] were referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

[illegible] motion the Senate then adjourned to 10 o'clock, [illegible]day.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 21.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. The journal of Tuesday was read.

Mr. Amis introduced a resolution granting the use of the Commons Hall this evening to the Young Men's Christian Association, for the delivery of a Lecture before that body. Concurred in.

Mr. Waddell introduced a resolution relative to a notice published in the city papers from Robert E. Walker, Provost Marshal, requiring the citizens of Raleigh and all other persons to procure passes before leaving the city, requesting the Governor to procure from the Confederate Government permits for all members of the General Assembly and the officers of the same to pass and repass from and to Raleigh or elsewhere within the Confederate lines, without being subjected to the order of the said Robert E. Walker, Provost Marshal.

Mr. Peebles opposed the resolution, and said he was opposed to asking an exemption for members of the Legislature. He did not think that they should be exempt while other citizens of the State were held subject to the order.

Mr. Foy said he hoped the resolution would pass. He knew of no legal authority for this system of requiring loyal citizens to procure passes before they were allowed to pass. He had himself been seriously inconvenienced by it. He could see no necessity for it here, and as he thought it contrary to the law and the rights of our people, he hoped that the resolution would pass.

Mr. Peebles again addressed the House against the resolution.

Mr. Foy interrupted Mr. P. to enquire whence the authority was derived to establish this Provost Marshal [illegible].

Mr. Waddell said that during the early part of this session, that several of his colleagues had been arrested by a guard acting under the orders of the same Mr. R. E. Walker that had just issued this card. He then had called the attention of the House to the matter, and an investigation being had, resulted in an apology to the House for the indignity. It would have [illegible] matter for this Lieut. Walker to have [illegible] the members of the Legislature from the [illegible] had not been done. It [illegible] part of this officer [illegible] the former action of this [illegible] know that any such motive [illegible] say that it did; but it was [illegible]. He therefore [illegible].

[illegible] as a substitute: [illegible] a select committee of five be appointed to [illegible] the power under which Lieut. [illegible], calling himself Provost Marshal, requires [illegible] to obtain passes before they leave the city of Raleigh, and to [illegible] by bill or otherwise.

[illegible] that the time had come when we should [illegible] whether martial law can be declared [illegible] in the vicinity of the enemy, without [illegible] it, or at least some [illegible] reach it by [illegible] no authority for his [illegible] was not at fault the Confederate [illegible] had granted this power at one time, but he thought the limitation had expired, and that an extension of the time had been proposed in Congress, but had not yet been concurred in by that body. He [illegible] more comprehensive than his friend from [illegible] (Mr. Waddell) would [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] his resolution.

Mr. Bowie said he wanted to ascertain if the power had been properly given, and if in accordance with law. [illegible] might doubt the propriety of the measure, he was for submitting to it.

The [illegible] the substitute concurred in and Messrs. [illegible], Graham, Peebles, Foy, and Amis appointed the committee under it.

A message was received from the Senate transmitting an engrossed bill from the House, amending an ordinance of the Convention, providing relief for the families of deceased soldiers, with an amendment by that body. The amendment was concurred in by the House.

Mr. [illegible] introduced a resolution in favor of Daniel [illegible], of [illegible] county. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Foy introduced a series of resolutions relative to the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in Salisbury and other portions of the State. Requiring the Governor to call a special term at Salisbury, for the trial of such citizens of the State as have been imprisoned there, under a suspension of this writ.

Mr. Foy addressed the House at some length in support of the resolutions, taking strong ground against the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, and dealing heavy blows at the tendency to override civil by the military power, giving instances coming within his own knowledge, of true and loyal citizens having been arrested and imprisoned, without a hearing. Mr. Foy spoke at length.

On motion of Mr. McKay the House proceeded to consider a bill from the Senate for the relief of landlords. The bill was amended and passed its several readings.

The hour having arrived for the consideration of the special order, the House proceeded to the consideration of the Revenue bill.

A number of amendments were proposed, some of which were concurred in, pending the consideration the following message was received from His Excellency, Governor Vance:

To the Honorable, the General Assembly of North Carolina:

With the flight of time great events have occurred and are now crowding upon us. Since your adjournment in December, the invaders of our State have concentrated a large force upon our coast, and are again threatening our remaining seaports and lines of communication. Every preparation possible has been made to resist them, and it is hoped not without success. Still much remains to be done to strengthen our army and add to its efficiency. I beg leave respectfully to offer a few suggestions to you on this subject.

The most serious evils with which our generals have to contend are the inefficient execution of the conscript law and the alarming increase of desertion in the army. A long absence from home, and the severe hardships of our rapid and wonderful campaigns, naturally tends to produce these effects during a protracted war. To arrest these delinquents and return them to duty, the militia have heretofore been employed with some degree of success; but latterly they have been found inefficient owing to the many obstacles interposed by the law. Should an officer start out to arrest a deserter, the friends of the latter have only to give the alarm and he is spirited out of the way, or the officer is resisted by open violence. As desertion is not a crime known to the laws of this State, these persons who thus shield the deserter from arrest are liable to no punishment. The consequence is that numbers of deserters are concealed in many parts of the State, and banding together for company and mutual protection, depredate upon the citizens near them, thus forming a kind of outlawed population in the midst of our quiet and orderly people.

This state of things, ruinous alike to the discipline of our army and the morals of our people, ought not to be suffered to continue and might be prevented in my opinion by a little prudent legislation. With the consent of the highest military authorities from whose commands they are absent, I propose to give absentees from the army without leave, by proclamation, thirty days in which they may return to duty free of punishment, and after that time to make them liable for the delay, to the severest penalties of the law. To enable the authorities to effect their arrest, I recommend, as I had the honor to do in my regular message to you that the militia laws be so amended as to subject both officers and privates of any particular company or regiment of the militia to the articles of war, when ordered to perform any duty of this kind at the discretion of the Executive; that power be given the Executive summarily to drop from the rolls officers guilty of gross and wilful neglect of duty, and that it be made a crime to shield or harbor deserters or to assist them to avoid capture. Should it be deemed best to continue to use the militia of the State for executing the Conscript law, these amendments will be indispensable, as Congress has failed in these respects to provide for the enforcement of its own acts.

I have been applied to in several instances as the appointing power of the regimental officers of our regiments raised originally for three years or the war, to promote men for gallant and meritorious conduct, but on close examination of the law I find I have no authority to deviate from the regular order of promotion by seniority in the appointment of company officers. This power ought to reside somewhere—the good of the service requires it. The humblest private in the ranks of the army ought to feel that there is the power and the will to lift him above the humble position to a commissioned officer, as a reward for gallantry and heroism. I therefore recommend that this authority be vested in the Executive to be exercised upon proper recommendations of commanding officers in the field.

The subject of arresting citizens on charges of disloyalty I beg leave again to allude to. Many have been recently taken up by the Confederate officers, and with a spirit of courtesy and respect for State authority, turned over to me for investigation. I am at a loss how to dispose of them. I cannot examine them myself, and of course regard it inconsistent with my duty to set them at liberty without an examination, and I am yet more unwilling to see them placed in the Confederate prison at Salisbury where the tracks of the accused all lead in one direction and the light of old English liberty is never seen. I therefore recommend the establishing of a commission for the investigation of charges against all such persons with power to commit for trial before the proper tribunal, if sufficient cause appears, &c.

In this connection I take great pleasure in transmitting a letter from Hon. Jas. S. Seddon, Secretary of War, in relation to the case of R. J. Graves, and in response to the demand for his delivery to the authority of this State, made in obedience to a joint resolution of your two Houses. Admirable in spirit, ample in explanation of the circumstances under which the arrest was made, and in expression of regard for the rights and sovereignty of the State, I am sure that, accompanying as it did the prompt surrender of the accused, it cannot fail to give you the satisfaction I experienced on its perusal.

In view of the threatened invasion of the State, I have been advised by the war department to call out the militia to assist in repelling it. Having consulted with the General in command of this department, I concluded to do so, but am at least doubtful of my authority to take the step, whilst your body is in session. Not wishing to exercise any doubtful authority when your prompt and appropriate action may so easily make it certain, I most respectfully recommend that I be authorised immediately to call out such portion of the militia as may be deemed sufficient to meet the present emergency.

I have the honor herewith to transmit copies of resolutions on various subjects of the Legislatures of the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama, forwarded to me by their respective Executives with a request that they be laid before you. The most important of these relates to the proposition of guaranteeing by each State of its proportion of the Confederate war debt, and to these I invite your early and deliberate attention.

I am also pleased to be able to inform you that the correspondence conducted by me with the War Department, at your request, in relation to the burning of cotton in Eastern North Carolina, was entirely satisfactory, though for prudential reasons I thought it improper to make it public.

Very respectfully,

Z. B. VANCE.

The message and accompanying documents having been read, they were ordered to be sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

Mr. Amis introduced a resolution to repeal the rule of the House now in force, relative to the hours of meeting and adjournment of the House. Laid over under the rule.

The House resumed the consideration of the Revenue Bill, and continued its consideration until the House adjourned to 10 o'clock Thursday morning.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

SALE POSTPONED.

THE SALE OF THE VALUABLE BOOKS AND other personal property of the late Henry W. Miller is postponed until the 27th instant. Jan 19-td

HOUSE AND LOT IN CHAPEL HILL FOR SALE.

HAVING DETERMINED TO MOVE TO THE COUNtry, I offer for sale, privately, my House and Lot in the village of Chapel Hill.

The Lot contains one and thee-quarter acres, situated in a pleasant and convenient part of the village.

The House, (almost new,) contains seven well arranged rooms; also two Double Kitchens and other out-houses on the premises.

Any person wishing a pleasant home in a (now quiet) village, will find it here. Possession given immediately. Terms accommodating.

P. S.—I will sell my HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN furniture with the house and lot if desired.

Jan 15-3w* E. C. YANCEY.

LUXUMBERG.

THERE BEING MORE LAND IN THE TRACT THAN I need, I would sell a part, say 150 acres of the LUXUMBERG NURSERY TRACT OF LAND, about one-third being woodland, and within one mile of the town of Greensboro', N. C. This very valuable tract of land has on it one of the best orchards in the State, containing some ten thousand choice and select fruit-bearing trees of the different varieties, viz: Apricots, Pears, Nectarines, Plums, Cherries, a fine selection of Peaches, Apples, &c. The improvements are good and new. Purchasers are invited to come and see for themselves.

C. G. YATES,
Jan 5-3m* Greensboro', N C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
RALEIGH, N. C.
[*Office on Fayetteville Street.*]

WILL GIVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO sales and purchases of State and Confederate Bonds, Bank and other Stocks, collection of Claims, and any business connected with the different departments of the State government.

Bank notes of all Southern States bought and sold.

REFERENCES.

O G Parsley, Wilmington.
W A Wright, do.
John D Williams, Fayetteville.
W G Broadfoot, do.
J J Blackwood, Charlotte.
W K Lane, Wayne county.
John D Whitford, Craven county.
Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance county.
Hon W N Edwards, Warren county.
Hon D W Courts, Rockingham county.
H W Guion, Lincoln county.
And citizens of Raleigh generally. Jan 14-tf

MISS PIRSSON

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO THE CITIZENS of Raleigh that she intends taking Pupils on the PIANO FORTE and in SINGING. Those who are already advanced in music would be preferred. Terms made known on application at her residence in Hargett street, nearly opposite the Fair Ground. Jan 13-tf

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 4, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply to me.

THOS. D. HOGG, CAPT. C. S.
Dec. 5-tf In charge of Ordnance.

NOTICE.

STRAYED FROM FRANKLINTON, N. C., MY CREAM COLORED HORSE, with black mane and tail, and a SORREL MULE, about three years old. Fifty dollars reward will be paid for their delivery at this place, or a reasonable reward for their confinement where I can get them.

Jan 12-1m* PETER PERSON.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS WHO PRESENT THEMSELVES at the office of the Surgeon General, between the hours of 9 and 10 a. m., will be vaccinated free of charge.

EDWARD WARREN,
Dec 20-tf Surgeon General of N. C.

BOARD! BOARD! BOARD!

GOOD BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS MAY BE had in one of the most central and pleasant parts of this city by applying immediately to D. H. BREEN, 1st two story house in the rear of Mr. Pullen's Hotel, on Martin street, Raleigh. Dec 18-tf

MILITARY NOTICES.

Headquarters 48th N. C. Regiment,
GOLDSBORO', N. C., Jan. 17, 1863.

THE FOLLOWING NAMED ABSENTEES ARE NOtified to join their Companies at this post without delay, being absent without leave, or having remained absent beyond their furloughs:

COMPANY A
Privates J E Huntley
M W H Price, of Union county
COMPANY B
Privates D W Conrad
Wm Fritz
J W Hendrick
J Terry
A Wilkerson, of Davidson county
COMPANY C
Privates H S Arthurs
W H Boyer
A J Carlton
D Clodfelter
C A Earnhardt
J A M Gibson
J S Leonard
D Kestler
T A Murdock
J W Orbison
O S Pigler
D Scroggs
T B Sherrill
J T Torrence, of Iredell county
COMPANY D
Corporal J M Dictor
Privates J C Richardson
D Richardson
J Wood
H A Spence
S Craven
E Wallace
W Williamson, of Moore county
COMPANY E
Privates C W Anderson
J Davis
M King
J Lee
H J Yarborough, of Union county
COMPANY F
Privates T McDowell
W Evans
L R Ferguson
G S Richardson
D Wolf
T Fowler, of Union county
COMPANY G
Privates J Y Field
T A Holt
J Malden
S A [illegible]
E Burris
A Greer
L B [illegible]
J Newman
B H [illegible]
W D Sloan
J W Wood
J E Abernathy
J W West, of Chatham county
COMPANY H
Privates A S Bryant
J K Lambeth
S Fisher
M Hunt
W [illegible]
H Leonard
B Leonard
S F Myers
S Loman
S [illegible]
J Miller, of Davidson county
COMPANY I
Privates W H [illegible]
Wm [illegible]
J Skipper
B H Wright, of Union county
COMPANY K
Privates E D [illegible]
F Smith
J H [illegible]
L [illegible]
A Crouch
J Mendenhall
P B Martin
N Brown
W [illegible]
W Standford
A T Joyner
E Hussey
S Venable
H Creech
H Green
E Green
J Atwood
F L Reynolds
R Smith
N Beal
W Speach, of Forsythe county

Hospital Steward, L L Johnson

These men must be at this post within ten days after the publication of this order, or they will be reported as deserters.

By order of Col. R. C. HILL:
Jan 20-10t J. R. WINCHESTER, Act'g Adj't.

Standard and Register, each 3 times; Charlotte Bulletin and State Journal, each 10 times, and send bills immediately to Progress.

HEADQUARTERS.

EXAMINING BOARD AND ENROLLING OF CONSCRIPTS
IN THE 3D CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF N. C.,
GOLDSBORO', N. C., January 21st, 1863.

COMMANDING OFFICERS OF MILITIA REGIments in the 3d Congressional District of N. C., comprising the Counties of Carteret, Jones, Craven, Onslow, Duplin, Wayne, Johnston and Sampson, are hereby notified to assemble *all* white male persons between the ages of 18 and 40 years, belonging to their respective Regiments, at the following named places and dates for medical examination and final enrollment.

Issued in obedience to special order No 12 by Col. Mallett, Commandant Conscripts in North Carolina.

The commanding officer of the 27th Regiment, Wayne County Militia, will assemble his men at Goldsboro' on the 30th and 31st days of January, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 28th Regiment of Wayne County Militia, will assemble his men at Goldsboro' on the 2d and 3d days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 24th Regiment of Sampson County Militia, will assemble his men at Clinton on the 6th and 7th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 25th Regiment of Sampson County Militia, will assemble his men at Clinton on the 9th and 10th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 26th Regiment of Duplin County Militia, will assemble his men at Kenansville on the 13th and 14th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 21st Regiment of Onslow County Militia, will assemble his men at Jacksonville on the 17th and 18th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 41st Regiment of Johnston County Militia, will assemble his men at Smithfield on the 23d and 24th days of February, 1863.

The commanding officer of the 117th Regiment of Johnston County Militia, will assemble his men at Smithfield on the 25th and 26th days of February, 1863.

Carteret, Jones and Craven being within the enemy's lines, no appointments are made in them for the present.

HENRY I. MACON,
Surg. P. A. C. S.
Ch'n Examining Board,
3d Congressional Dist. of N. C.

Militia officers will report all absentees and deserters from the army, and all persons who were enrolled under the first conscript act and failed to report at camp of instruction. Jan 21-1w

Provost Marshal's Office,

RALEIGH, Jan. 20, 1863.

PERSONS LEAVING THIS CITY ARE REQUIRED to get Passports from the proper authority; therefore, all those wishing to leave can call at my office, near Messrs. Williams & Haywood's Drug Store, on Fayetteville street. Office hours (on Sunday) from 11 o'clock A. M., to 12 M., and from 3 to 4 P. M.

ROBERT E. WALKER,
Jan 21-1m Provost Marshal.

Headquarters 48th N. C. Regiment,

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Dec. 1[illegible], 1862.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

ALL OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS OF THIS REGIment able to join it at this place, will do so immediately. Those whose sick leaves have expired and are still unfit for duty must come here to have them renewed. Those unable to travel will forward certificates to that effect.

Failing in this their names will be furnished to the Colonels of Militia for arrest and confinement at Raleigh for trial as deserters.

Certificates of unfitness for duty will not exempt the holder from reporting in person.

By order of Col. R. C. HILL,
Jan 20-10t J. R. WINCHESTER, Act. Adjt.

Standard and Register, each 3 times; Charlotte Bulletin, State Journal, each 10 times, and send bills to Progress office immediately.

Headquarters Cavalry Brigade,

JANUARY, 15TH, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER,
No. —

THE GENERAL COMMANDING ANNOUNCES TO all absentees from his Brigade, that should they voluntarily report for duty within fifteen days from the publication of this order, that is before the 1st of February next, no charges will be instituted against them for past delinquencies.

This does not include commissioned officers, whose example, in several instances, has been injurious to the men.

By order of Brig. Gen. B. H. ROBERTSON.:
Jan 20-15t WM. A. WORTHINGTON, A. D. C.

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON, PIANO FORTE MANUFACturer, respectfully informs the public that he has established himself in Raleigh, and offers his services to all those who wish their Pianos skillfully and thoroughly tuned or repaired. Orders left at the Book Store of W. L. Pomeroy, Esq., or at Mr. Pirsson's residence in Hargett street, nearly opposite the Fair Grounds, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B.—Piano Fortes bought and sold. Mr. Pirsson refers to Rev. Dr. Smedes and Professor Hansen.

Jan 13-tf

[illegible]

HOTELS.

OAK CITY HOUSE,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF VISITORS.

BAR well stocked with superior Liquors. [illegible] supplied with the best the market affords.

[illegible]

GRANGER HOUSE,

WEST SIDE OF RAILROADS:
Goldsboro', N. C.
Right Hand Side Going South,
Left Hand Side Going North.

MEALS READY ON ARRIVAL OF THE CARS.

[illegible] ATTACHED.

One of the best Barber Shops.

The public may expect [illegible]

GOOD FARE,

Attentive Servants, accommodating officers, with every other comfort found in a SOUTHERN HOTEL.

T. A. GRANGER,
(Late of the Atlantic House, Beaufort, N. C.)
Jan. 16

BREAKFAST, Dinner and Supper [illegible]
GOING NORTH, BREAKFAST [illegible]
DINNER GOING SOUTH, 2½, P. M.,
GOING NORTH SUPPER 6.15, P. M.

MRS. GRISWOLD'S HOTEL,

GOLDSBORO', N. C.

Right Hand Side going NORTH.—Left Hand Side going SOUTH.

Baggage taken to and from the Railroad free of charge. Passengers stopping at this Hotel may rely upon good Fare, good Rooms, and every comfort that can be had.

An addition of sixteen large, comfortable and well-furnished rooms, renders it as complete as any establishment in the State.

A good Barber Shop is attached to the Hotel.

Meals ready on the Arrival of the Cars. The Cars leave daily.

nov 11 SUSAN A. GRISWOLD & [illegible].

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

NEW SERIES.

IT IS CONTEMPLATED TO RESUME THE PUBlication of the *North Carolina Christian Advocate* at an early day, under the patronage of the North Carolina Conference, and under the direction and ownership of a joint stock Company, composed of ministers and laymen, to secure its permanency.

It will be in its name imports, a CHRISTIAN *Advocate*. It will maintain and defend the doctrines and discipline of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and labor to advance Christ's Kingdom on earth, and to promote peace and good will among all men.

Besides its earnest, *religious character*, it shall be an advocate of the moral, educational and industrial progress of North Carolina—a welcome visitor to every *family* and to the camps of our brave soldiers, and a faithful chronicler of what may be useful and interesting, and of the current news.

All our travelling and local ministers and the stockholders of the Company, are specially requested to act as Agents for the paper.

The old subscribers of the *Advocate* will be supplied with the *new series*, to the full amount due them at the time of its suspension, but as the mail books are not in the possession of the Editor, he must rely on the old subscribers themselves and the Agents, to furnish him with their names and post offices and the amount due them.

The *Advocate* will be well printed on good paper, and will contain an amount of reading matter, equal to any paper in the State.

During the continuance of war prices, the subscription price will be $3 per annum, always in advance.

Agents who send us ten or more new subscribers and the *Cash*, will be entitled to a copy of the paper for one year. It is desirable that a large list be sent in at once.

Address WM. E. PELL, Editor.
Raleigh, N. C. Jan. 2, 1863.

NORTH CAROLINA SIX PER CENT. COUPON BONDS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Dec 26, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 10 o'clock, A. M., 20th of Jan. next, for the purchase of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of Bonds, issued by the State of North Carolina, dated Jan. 1st, 1863, running thirty years, and payable at this Department.

The above Bonds will have Coupons attached, for interest at six per cent. per annum, payable 1st of July and 1st of January in each year.

Successful bidders, upon being informed of the acceptance of their bids, can deposite the amount of their bids, including the interest accrued thereon, to the credit of the Public Treasurer, in the Bank of North Carolina or Bank of Cape Fear, Raleigh.

Parties bidding will please address their letters, endorsed "Proposals for N. C. Stocks," to the Public Treasurer, at Raleigh, N. C.

The bids will be opened in the presence of the Governor, Secretary and Comptroller of State, and the President of the Bank of North Carolina.

Dec 31-td JONATHAN WORTH, Pub. Treas.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RUNAWAY FROM THE UNDERSIGNED, ON THE 25th December, a negro boy named ANDERSON, about twenty-five years old, perfectly black—heavy set and weight from 175 to 190 pounds when he left. He has been hand-cuffed. Said boy is supposed to have been raised by Mr. Lewis, of Sampson county, N. C.—When he left he had on a blue jacket and white pants, very ragged; has good teeth and speaks freely. I bought him of Mr. L. P. Robinson, of Augusta, Ga., on the [illegible] instant, and was on my way to Richmond, Va., and had to lay over in Raleigh on account of not being able to get passage. I was camped by the side of the Railroad track. He left about dusk.

I will pay the above reward to any person who will deliver said boy to any jail for safe-keeping so that I can get him. Any information will be thankfully received.

SOLOMON COHEN,
Dec 26-1m* Care John B. Davis, Richmond, Va.

I STRIVE TO PLEASE.

G. A. LACK,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
PROCTOR'S OLD STAND,
Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
On "Ugly Row," opposite Lougee's, "Hard by Towles."

WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS on hand at all times a large assortment of CITIZENS and MILITARY CLOTHING, and having procured the services of the immortal C. M. FARRISS, known as the best and most tasty CUTTER in the South, all work will be done under his supervision. I hope to receive a liberal patronage. G. A. LACK.

Dec 5-tf

SOAP GREASE.

PERSONS WISHING TO MANUFACTURE SOAP can obtain the necessary material from C. H. Thompson, M. S. K., by applying at the N. C. Depot. One half the amount given will be charged in exchange for the Soap received. T. D. HOGG,
Dec 29-tf Captain and C. S.

BLOUNT'S CREEK MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

SELL SHEETING 4-4 30 CENTS PER YARD;
OSNABURGS, 35 cents per yard;
COTTON YARN, $3 per bunch.
Dec 3-tf GEO. McNEILL, Pres

BRISTLES! BRISTLES! BRISTLES!

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS WILL BE paid per pound for BRISTLES, at
P. THIEM'S STORE,
Nov. 27—tf. Next to Towles'.

[illegible]

Sec. [illegible] further enacted, That [illegible] shall consist of not less than seventy-five, nor [illegible]

[illegible]

Sec. [illegible] further enacted, That the company [illegible] by the [illegible], and that all the other commissioned [illegible] of the line staff shall be appointed by the Governor.

Sec. [illegible] further enacted, That this force shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, and shall receive, while in actual service, the same pay and rations as officers and soldiers in the Confederate States army, and they shall serve one year, unless sooner discharged; but they may be returned to their homes at any time, by the order of the Governor, subject to be called out, however, within that term, whenever and as often as the public exigency may require, and the men shall also receive a bounty of fifty dollars each; twenty-five dollars to be paid when they are mustered into service, and the remainder when they shall have performed six months actual service.

Sec. [illegible] further enacted, That where special provision is not herein made, [illegible] necessary to carry out completely the provisions of this act, the same shall be done under the general law.

Sec. [illegible] further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

We are glad to see that a proposition has been made in Congress to repeal the present exemption laws, and put all men between the ages of 18 and 45 [illegible] exemption and [illegible] to the service of the [illegible]. This is right and proper, for nothing has done so much to make conscription odious in the eyes of the people as the unjust discriminations embraced in the exemption bill. Men who own no slaves or but few slaves, can see no just cause why the possession of twenty or more negroes should exempt a man from serving the country; nor can other citizens see the propriety of exempting shoe factories, tanners, &c., when their works tend to oppress rather than relieve the families of those who are hurried off to the camp. It is well known too, that many of our wealthy men have been discharging their overseers and placing their sons over their slaves to screen them from the performance of their duty to the country, and that in every possible way the exemption bill now in force has been taken advantage of by speculators, extortioners and cowards. Repeal the bill, enroll every man, and then let such mechanics, artisans and manufacturers as are necessary for Government work be detailed, and let those who are now gloating over their ill-gotten gains be put in camp and made to help fight the battles of their country.

Another matter too requires attention. The substitute business has been the great curse of the cause, and though it may be impossible to remove the evil entirely, let it be modified as far as possible. Thousands of men who would make good soldiers are enabled to keep out by their money, while not one in [illegible] of the men they put in are reliable. As a general thing, men who sell themselves as substitutes are the vagabonds of the country, who go in for the money with no intention of ever performing any duty, and yet while the substitute clause enables the rich to stay at home by putting in these unhung scoundrels, the poor man whose labor is all his family has to depend on is forced to serve. This has tended greatly to make it a poor man's war, as far as the fighting is concerned, and we appeal to Congress to remove all these distinctions as far as possible and compel every man to perform his duty to the Government whatever may be his station, fortune, or social position.

The Assembly.

We refer to the proceedings for the doings of the two Houses yesterday. The ten regiment bill was called up in the Senate, but postponed until 11 o'clock to-day.

In the House the subject of the Provost Marshal and the authority by which he requires citizens having [illegible] to procure passes, was discussed and a [illegible] appointed to investigate the matter.

The special message of Gov. Vance was read before the House at 12 o'clock, and [illegible]. It will be found in the proceedings. Like everything that emanates from Gov. Vance, it is plain and practical. His recommendations relative to desertion from the army and the [illegible] of [illegible], which call forth speedy action on the part of the Legislature. Desertion and straggling from the army have become so common that the cause itself is endangered by the evil, and we hope our Legislature will use every possible exertion to put a stop to it. We have no space for further comments but refer the public to the message itself.

From Below.

Various are the rumors from below, but we suppose the military authorities about Goldsboro are about as [illegible] in the fog as we are up here. We hardly think any general advance has commenced from Newbern. The weather for several days has not been favorable for an attack, and we hardly think the enemy are in motion. We have heard much relative to the movements of our troops but refrain from details. When the shock comes we are confident of our ability to resist it.

Col. D. H. Christie.—We were highly gratified to meet in this city on Friday last, Col. D. H. Christie, the gallant commander of the 23d North Carolina Regiment. Col. C. was [illegible] in the [illegible] Of the many gallant spirits North Carolina has sent to the field, none are more brave or more deservedly popular than Col. Christie of Granville.

[illegible]

A number of intelligent privates and officers high in position declare to me their entire approbation of its provisions and their utter astonishment that it should have been so misapprehended and misrepresented. These gentlemen belonged to both the old political parties. [illegible]

[illegible]

These are facts, Mr. Editor, that [illegible] my own observation, and you are at liberty to use them as you think best.

[illegible]

EUGENE GRISSOM.

PEACE! PEACE!

Under this heading we find in the New York Caucasian a six column article, of which we regret that the space upon our columns will only permit us to give a few paragraphs:

Yes! we write for peace—this, for this distracted, and well nigh ruined land.

> "No more the thirsty Erinnys of the soil,
> Shall daub her lips with her own children's blood;
> No more shall trenching war channel her fields,
> Nor bruise her flowers with the armed hoof
> Of hostile paces."

With peace, we desire the restoration of the Union if that great blessing can yet be obtained, but we are, at all events, for peace—an early, honorable peace.—Whatever war may accomplish for dissolution and despotism, in peace alone is there any hope for the United States of America.

In this unnatural strife enough blood has been shed, enough loss and suffering inflicted, to glut the fiercest disposition. The power that has been exercised; the money that has been squandered; the preferments that have been bestowed, ought to appease the most voracious appetite. But, "there are three things," saith Solomon, "which are never satisfied." Had he lived till our day he might have added to the number. What will abate the rapacity of an army of contractors, the importunity of an army of place hunters? What will satisfy the intolerance of a cruel faction; the cravings of unscrupulous ambition? Nothing. We do not propose to address any such people. The association would be disagreeable, and the labor certainly wasted. We do with confidence address those who refuse to bow down to Baal, or to worship the image that Nebuchadnezzar has set up, those who "love the things that make for Peace," who are at heart sick of this war, of the wickedness and incompetency it has disclosed; of the profligacy and crime it has engendered; of the horrors that everywhere follow in its train; those who are unwilling longer to see the country abandoned to the ruinous experiments of the wild and reckless party, those who value the rights of an American citizen, who view the rapid strides of military despotism with jealousy and apprehension; who are unwilling that personal liberty should any longer be held subject to the impatient tyranny of every Jack in office; or that the Bastile should supersede the jury box, and the novel predilections of martial law annul the law of the land.

Against the voice of Peace a great outcry will of course be raised by those who have a direct pecuniary, political or other interest in prolonging the war; by those who, for years, have labored to bring about the present condition of things; by those who are at all times ready to sell our birthright, fellow-citizens, for their miserable mess of African pottage. We will not be disturbed by their clamor, nor denunciations, nor threats, nor even by their violence. Calmly and firmly we will consider the matter, for ourselves and for those who are to come after us. They will bellow out "treason," "traitor," with all the variations.—These terms have been quite battered lately, and an honest man may now accept them without reproach, if not without apprehension. A good while ago, one Doctor Samuel Johnson [illegible] defined patriotism as "the last refuge of a scoundrel." The world changes, but men and morals remain substantially the same. Our accusers, having monopolized all the patriotism of the land, share it with none, except their Confederates and tools.

"But," they say, "treat with rebels, fight with rebels! No terms for rebels, but unconditional submission?" Yes, treat! and Peace and terms, ye life long rebels against God's righteous government, daily dependent on his goodness and mercy, by all your hopes of salvation, yes! And ye say the Lord's Prayer [illegible], "Forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us," and sing, with lifted eyes,

> "That mercy I to others show,
> That mercy show to me;"

and have no fear of judgment, but thank God that ye are not as other men. Upon what meat hath this our Cæsar fed, that he hath grown so great? Have ye forgotten that your father was an Amorite, and your mother a Hittite; and that ye are the children of rebels against "the best Government that ever existed?"

In conclusion, the *Caucasian* thus speaks of the future:

The old Union, with its superior benefits, half destroyed and blotted out, where is the cohesive force, to bind in one, the jarring fragments? Shall we find it in an immense public debt? and which of the States will pay it? Those who allege a failure of the conditions on which it was incurred? Those who have realized the benefits, or those who have suffered the loss? Shall we find it in national pride? that is [illegible] to the debt or strength and greatness? They have passed away; little remains of them, but the violence of the whirlwind, more dangerous to ourselves than to others. In our liberties? Already they have fled the Capitol. In superior national benefit? what are they? name them. In a wronged, deluded, overtaxed and distressed people? The allusions may well

[illegible]

From Washington [illegible] bring us but little of interest [illegible]. The Examiner of yesterday [illegible].

The report was [illegible] that Burnside's resignation had been accepted by the Lincoln Government, and that General [illegible], probably he who was [illegible] in North Carolina, had been put in command of the Army of the [illegible]. It was also [illegible] the Yankees [illegible] the Rappahannock at [illegible], and moving in the direction of Warrenton.

These reports are neither confirmed nor contradicted by anything received at the War Department.—All we learn from that source is, that there has been no engagement.

The Vacancy from Craven.—J. L. Rhem, Esq., also announces himself in our advertising columns a candidate for the Commons from Craven, to fill the vacancy created by the death of Mr. Barrow.

We regret to learn that Mr. [illegible], member from Jackson, was detained from his seat in the House yesterday by indisposition.

More Impressment.—The Lynchburg Republican states that Government agents attended by a strong body guard, with fixed bayonets, were out again Wednesday on another impressing expedition. Sugar, molasses, whiskey, rice and flour, were seized wherever found, and every store that was visited swept clean of these articles.

Funeral Notice.—The funeral of the late THOMAS P. CHISMAN will take place from the Baptist Church this (Thursday) afternoon at 3½ o'clock.

The friends of the deceased, and of Mr. P. F. Pescud's family, are respectfully invited to attend. Jan 22-1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

A PERSON FULLY COMPETENT TO MANUFACture SNUFF of a good quality. To one that can come well recommended, good wages and constant employment will be given in a pleasant and healthy village on the North Carolina Railroad.

Wanted, also, a small STEAM ENGINE, complete, in good running order.

Refer to E. Cuthbert, Petersburg, and Sylvester Smith, Raleigh. Address E. J. N. [illegible], Graham, N. C.

Jan 22-4w

Petersburg Express and Richmond Dispatch, insert to amount of $10 and forward bill to Progress.

Office North Carolina Railroad Co.,
Company Shops, Jan. 19, 1863.

DIVIDEND NO. 4 ON THE CAPITAL STOCK OF this Company, ten per cent, will be paid to Stockholders and persons authorized by power of attorney, on and after the [illegible] of February next. [illegible] will not be required.

By order of the Board.

Jan 22-[illegible] JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr., Sec'y.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHING TO MOVE IN THE country, will dispose of his HOUSE and LOT in the Eastern part of the city. [illegible] If not disposed of by the 1st of February, will be sold at public auction.

Jan 22-10t W. W. [illegible]

RAILROAD STOCK AT AUCTION.

WILL BE SOLD AT THE COURT HOUSE DOOR in the city of Raleigh this day (Thursday) 22d inst., at 11 o'clock, [illegible] shares of North Carolina Rail Road Stock and 10 shares Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Stock.

K. P. BATTLE, Adm'r.
Jan 22-1t J. M. TOWLES, Auct'r.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT AT HIGH POINT. THE HOUSE is two story with eight rooms and eight fire places. Also on the premises all necessary out buildings. Apply to W. H. [illegible], High Point.

Jan 22-10t

CIGARS AND SMOKING TOBACCO

MAY BE FOUND AT MY FACTORY IN GRAHAM, N. C., a large quantity of Cigars, some very superior. Also the [illegible] Smoking Tobacco," three years old, neatly put up in small packages.

Jan 22-3w* HENRY J. B. CLARK.

ELECTION NOTICE.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE J. L. RHEM, Esq., a candidate to fill the vacancy occasioned in the House of Commons by the death of Mr. Barrow from Craven. Jan 22td

WANTED.

I WISH TO PURCHASE TWO OR THREE NEGRO GIRLS, from 12 to 15 years old. Any person wishing to sell will address "G.," Box 301, Post Office, Raleigh, N. C. Jan 22-3t*

ELECTION NOTICE.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE CAPT. JAS. [illegible], as a candidate to represent the county of Craven in the House of Commons, in the place of Sergeant Barrow, deceased, a writ of election having been issued to said county, to fill the vacancy.

Jan 21-3t.

DR. W. P. MASON, DENTIST,

MAY BE FOUND AT THE DENTAL OFFICE OVER Mr. P. F. Pescud's Drug Store. Jan 17-tf

[illegible] in his [illegible] Year's [illegible] Dayton [illegible] Dayton's reference [illegible] his majesty replied, [illegible] it would be better within [illegible]

[illegible]

Shall we know each other there?

When we hear the music ringing
Through a bright celestial dome;
When sweet angel voices singing
Gladly bid us welcome home;
To the land of ancient story
Where the spirit knows no care;
In the land of light and glory,
Shall we know each other there?

When the holy angels meet us,
As we go to join their band,
Shall we know the friends that greet us
In the glorious spirit land?
Shall we see the same eyes shining
On us, as in days of yore?
[illegible]
Droop not, faint not by the way;
Ye shall join the loved and lost ones
In the land of perfect day.
Harp-strings touched by angel fingers,
Murmur in my raptured ear;
Evermore their sweet tone lingers,
We shall know each other there.

Mr. [illegible], the Missouri [illegible], was presented with a [illegible] sword by his friends in [illegible]. The cowardly dog will never use it [illegible] if he is allowed room enough to [illegible] his heels.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL THE MEMBERS OF THE GRANVILLE CO. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY [illegible] in Henderson on Saturday the 24th inst., [illegible] in consideration matters of importance to said Society.

Jan 22-4t* [illegible] HARRIS, Sec'y.

LOST.

MONDAY EVENING, BETWEEN COOK'S BOARDing House and the Fair Grounds, a GOLD BELT BUCKLE. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at Mr. Root's, or at Major [illegible]'s office.

Jan 20-3t

EXTRACT LOGWOOD.

2,000 POUNDS EXTRACT LOGWOOD, JUST received for sale by [illegible] Charlotte, N. C.

Dec 27-1m*

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH SESSION WILL COMmence on the first Monday in February, 1863, and continue five months. For terms, &c., apply to

J. H. MILLS,
Oxford, North Carolina.

Jan 2-1m*

LOST.

IN THE RECENT FLIGHT FROM GOLDSBORO', on the occasion of the battle, a large TRUNK, painted green, with oval top, and banded with iron bands, and has three oak ribs on top, marked "Wm. J. W. Hancock, Durham, N. C.," on paper pasted on; also has a large spot on one end of a different color, caused by having something spilled on it. A liberal reward will be paid for its delivery to the Railroad Agent at Durham Station, or at Goldsboro', N. C.

J. W. HANCOCK.

Jan 10-2w*

GOLD NECK CHAIN LOST.

LOST, ON THE 19TH, BETWEEN FAYETTEVILLE street and the grave yard, a GOLD NECK CHAIN with cross attached. A liberal reward will be paid on delivery at the Progress Office. Jan 20-3t

A FEW MEMBERS CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with comfortable rooms and good board, at moderate rates, by applying to

Jan 22-4t* FRANK I. WILSON.

NOTICE.

ALL WHO ARE INDEBTED TO US ON OPEN Account will please call and pay or bond the same.

Jan 21-1m WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

RICE.

10 TIERCES RICE FOR SALE BY

GEORGE ALLEN,
[illegible] Greensboro', N. C.

Jan 15-1m

L. J. GUILMARTIN,
DEALER IN
WOOL, HIDES, TALLOW AND WA
103 Congress street, second door from Jefferson,
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

A SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE ARTICLES CO stantly on hand. All kinds of SKINS bought a cash. Dec 29-3m*